This paper utilizes Supervised Machine Learning algorithms to categorize the Malayalam language into two tasks. In Task 1, it involves the classification of social media texts from platforms such as Twitter and Facebook as either original or fake news/comments. Task 2 is dedicated to the detection and categorization of fake news in Malayalam-language articles into five categories: False, Half True, Mostly False, Partly False, and Mostly True. The shared objective is to address the challenge of accurate misinformation detection in the era of information overload, fostering trustworthy communication.